

## **AGREEMENT FOR OPIOID MAINTENANCE THERAPY FOR NON-CANCER/CANCER PAIN**

The purpose of this agreement is to give you information about the medications you will be taking for pain management and to assure that you and your physician comply with all state and federal regulations concerning the prescribing of controlled substances. A trial of opioid therapy can be considered for moderate to severe pain with the intent of reducing pain and increasing function. The physician's goal is for you to have the best quality of life possible given the reality of your clinical condition. The success of treatment depends on mutual trust and honesty in the physician/patient relationship and full agreement and understanding of the risks and benefits of using opioids to treat pain.

1. **You should use one** physician to prescribe and monitor all opioid medications and adjunctive analgesics.
2. You should use **one** pharmacy to obtain all opioid prescriptions and adjunctive analgesics prescribed by your physician.

Pharmacy: \_\_\_\_\_ Phone number: \_\_\_\_\_

3. You should inform your physician of all medications you are taking, including herbal remedies, since opioid medications can interact with over-the-counter medications and other prescribed medications, especially cough syrup that contains alcohol, codeine or hydrocodone.
4. You will be seen on a regular basis and given prescriptions for enough medication to last from appointment to appointment, plus usually two to three days extra. This extra medication is **not** to be used without the explicit permission of the prescribing physician unless an emergency requires your appointment to be deferred one or two days.
5. Prescriptions for pain medicine or any other prescriptions will be done only during an office visit or during regular office hours. **No** refills of any medications will be done during the evening or on weekends.
6. You must bring back all opioid medications and adjunctive medications prescribed by your physician in the original bottles.
7. You are responsible for keeping your pain medication in a safe and secure place, such as a locked cabinet or safe. You are expected to protect your medications from loss or theft. Stolen medications should be reported to the police and to your physician immediately. If your medications are lost, misplaced or stolen, your physician may choose not to replace the medications or to taper and discontinue the medications.
8. You may not give or sell your medications to any other person under any circumstances. If you do, you may endanger that person's health. It is also against the law.
9. Any evidence of drug hoarding, acquisition of any opioid medication or adjunctive analgesia from other physicians (which includes emergency rooms), uncontrolled dose escalation or reduction, loss of prescriptions, or failure to follow the agreement may result in termination of the doctor/patient relationship.

10. You will communicate fully to your physician to the best of your ability at the initial and all follow-up visits your pain level and functional activity along with any side effects of the medications. This information allows your physician to adjust your treatment plan accordingly.
11. You should not use any illicit substances, such as cocaine, marijuana, etc. while taking these medications. This may result in a change to your treatment plan, including safe discontinuation of your opioid medications when applicable or complete termination of the doctor/patient relationship.
12. The use of alcohol and opioid medications is contraindicated.
13. You agree and understand that your physician reserves the right to perform random or unannounced urine drug testing. If requested to provide a urine sample, you agree to cooperate. If you decide not to provide a urine sample, you understand that your doctor may change your treatment plan, including safe discontinuation of your opioid medications when applicable or complete termination of the doctor/patient relationship. The presence of a non-prescribed drug (s) or illicit drug (s) in the urine can be grounds for termination of the doctor/patient relationship. Urine drug testing is not forensic testing, but is done for your benefit as a diagnostic tool and in accordance with certain legal and regulatory materials on the use of controlled substances to treat pain.
14. There are side effects with opioid therapy, which may include, but not exclusively, skin rash, constipation, sexual dysfunction, sleeping abnormalities, sweating, edema, sedation, or the possibility of impaired cognitive (mental status) and/or motor ability. Overuse of opioids can cause decreased respiration (breathing).
15. Physical dependence and/or tolerance can occur with the use of opioid medications.

**Physical dependence** means that if the opioid medication is abruptly stopped or not taken as directed, a withdrawal symptom can occur. This is a normal physiological response. The withdrawal syndrome could include, but not exclusively, sweating, nervousness, abdominal cramps, diarrhea, goose bumps, and alterations in one's mood.

It should be noted that physical dependence does not equal addiction. One can be dependent on insulin to treat diabetes or dependent on prednisone (steroids) to treat asthma, but one is not addicted to the insulin or prednisone.

Addiction is a primary, chronic neurobiologic disease with genetic, psychosocial and environmental factors influencing its development and manifestation. It is characterized by behavior that includes one or more of the following: impaired control over drug use, compulsive use, continued use despite harm, and cravings. This means the drug decreases one's quality of life.

**Tolerance** means a state of adaptation in which exposure to the drug induces changes that result in diminution of one or more of the drug's effects over time. The dose of the opioid may have to be titrated up or down to a dose that produces maximum function and a *realistic* decrease of the patient's pain.

16. If you have a history of alcohol or drug misuse/addiction, you must notify the physician of such history since the treatment with opioids for pain **may** increase the possibility of relapse. A history of addiction does not, in most instances, disqualify one for opioid treatment of pain, but starting or continuing a program for recovery is a must.

17. You agree to allow your physician to contact any health care professional, family member, pharmacy, legal authority, or regulatory agency to obtain or provide information about your care or actions *if the physician feels it is necessary.*
18. You agree to a family conference or a conference with a close friend or significant other *if the physician feels it is necessary.*

*The above agreement has been explained to me by [INSERT PRESCRIBER NAME HERE] I agree to its terms so that [INSERT PRESCRIBER NAME HERE] can provide quality pain management using opioid therapy to decrease my pain and increase my function.*

**Patient's Signature** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date**\_\_\_\_\_

**Witness's Signature** \_\_\_\_\_

**Date**\_\_\_\_\_

**Created by Howard A. Heit MD, FACP, FASAM**